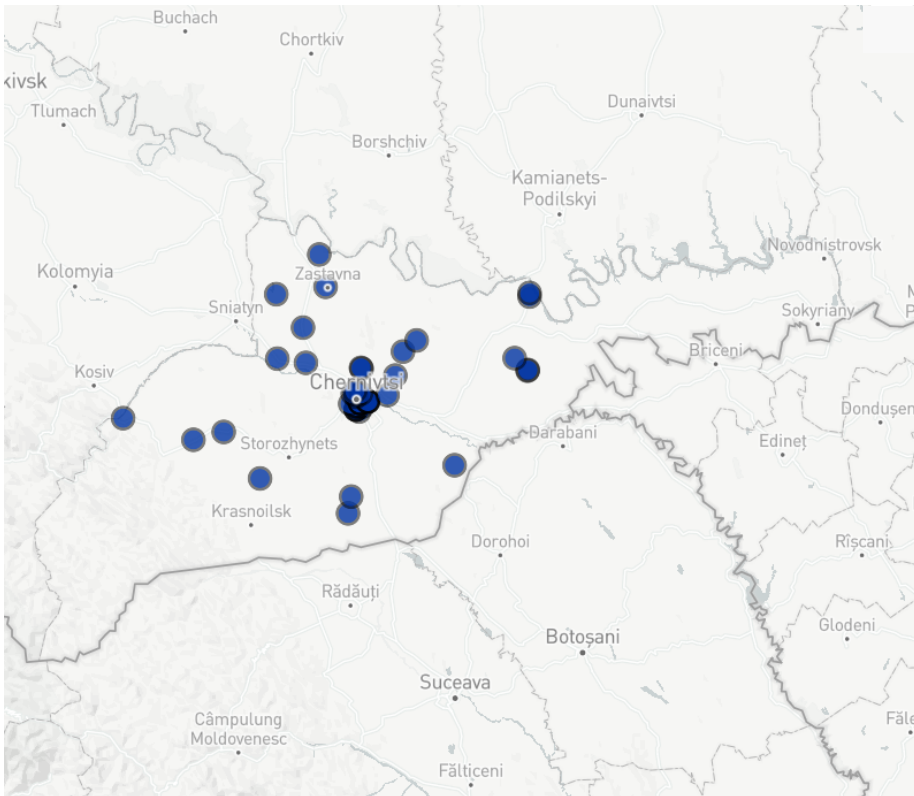


# CHERNIVETSKA OBLAST COLLECTIVE CENTRE ASSESSMENT

Summary of IOM's CCCM Collective Centre Assessment | Q1, 2024

CLASSIFICATION: Unrestricted

## ASSESSED COLLECTIVE CENTRES ACROSS CHERNIVETSKA OBLAST



### BACKGROUND

In March 2024, IOM CCCM teams, in collaboration with oblast authorities and local civil society organizations, conducted CCCM Collective Centre assessment across Chernivetska oblast. Data was collected at the site-level at the request of the relevant oblast administration(s) and implemented through key-informant interviews with site managers as well by conducting observational assessments. All figures and narrative in this fact-sheet cover collective centres which are hosting (or are capable of hosting) 30 persons. Findings are indicative of the situation in the sites at the time of data collection. This report provides an overview in the following thematic areas: demographics, vulnerabilities, site management, site environment, health, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), food provision, and most urgent needs.

### OVERVIEW

In total, 47 sites were assessed, of which 46 were hosting IDPs at the time of assessment, with 1 centres empty but ready to host. There were 2,628 IDPs hosted within these sites, meaning that each site, on average, hosts 57 IDPs. Sites had a collective total hosting capacity of 3,849 IDPs. The most common types of site were dormitories (66%), followed by government buildings (6%), and health facilities (6%). Overall the highest reported priority need was found to be cash assistance, which was reported in 26% of sites.

## KEY FIGURES

 **47**  
collective centres (sites) assessed  
across Chernivetska oblast


 **2,628**  
IDPs hosted in collective  
centres (sites)

 **3,849**  
total hosting capacity

 **66%**  
of sites are dormitories

 **100%**  
of sites report that IDPs intend  
to stay until further notice

 **83%**  
of sites report the presence of  
persons with disabilities

 **93%**  
of sites are managed by the  
government

 **28%**  
of sites report presence of  
persons with chronic diseases

 **33%**  
of sites report difficulties in  
accessing medicine

 **24%**  
of sites are not connected to  
central sewage system

 **26%**  
of sites reported cash assistance  
as their highest priority need

## DEMOGRAPHICS



Out of a total of 2,628 IDPs currently hosted across the sites in Chernivetska oblast, 65% are female and 35% are male; 24% are minors (under the age of 18), 43% are adults (aged between 18 and 59), and 33% are elderly (over the age of 59).

## VULNERABILITIES



A total of 660 IDPs (25% of total IDPs) across 38 sites (83% of IDP-hosting sites) were reported to be persons with disabilities. Critically, 61% of sites are not fully disability accessible, making this group of individuals even more vulnerable. Persons with chronic diseases were also reported across 28% of sites, unaccompanied elderly persons in 17% of sites, and pregnant or lactating females in 11% of sites.

## SITE MANAGEMENT



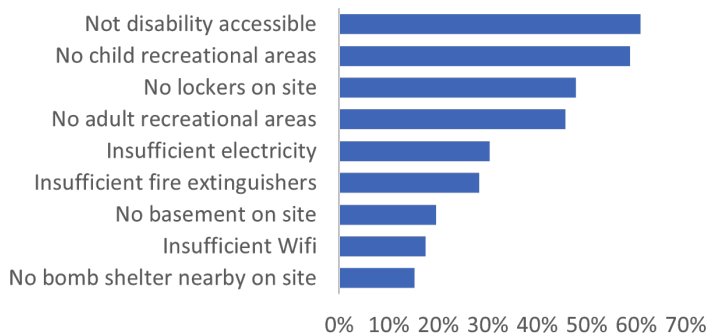
93% of sites are managed by the government, 7% by local NGOs, and 0% by religious organizations. 89% of sites report staff presence 24 hours of the day, 9% report presence in the daytimes only, and 2% report periodic visits. IDP registration upon arrival is reported in 100% of sites, and an allocation plan for vulnerable groups exists in 52% of sites. In 26% of sites, IDPs are reportedly being charged money to stay.

## SITE ENVIRONMENT



In 85% of sites, the site manager reports that they expect the site to remain open for more than six months, 13% report that they expect the site to close within 6 months, and 2% are unsure. Almost half of sites (49%) report availability of space to expand. The below chart presents gaps in site provision of key items and services. Critically, 61% of sites are not accessible for persons with disabilities, 30% of sites have insufficient electrical capacity, 28% of sites have insufficient fire extinguishers, and 17% of sites have insufficient Wifi.

### Lack of essential items or services (% of sites)



## HEALTH



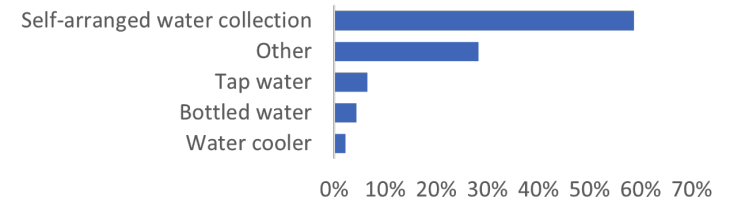
Problems with accessing medicines were reported in 33% of sites, while 15% of sites report the absence of an on-site or regularly visiting health worker.

## WASH



On average, there are 14 toilets and 8 showers per site for the IDP population. Toilets and showers are not gender-segregated in 13% and 17% of sites, respectively; nor are they disability accessible in 57% and 61% of sites, respectively. On average, there are 4 functional washing machines per site. A critical 24% of sites are not connected to the central sewage system. Across all sites, the primary way by which IDPs accessed drinking water was by self-arranged water collection, as reported in 59% of IDP-hosting sites. The chart below presents a full breakdown of the various methods by which IDPs access water.

### Methods by which IDPs access drinking water (% of sites)

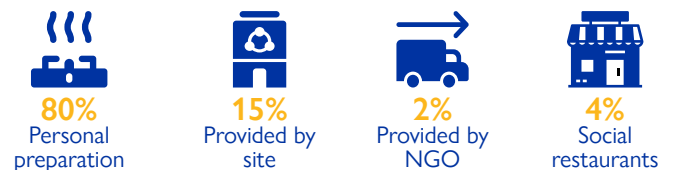


## FOOD PROVISION



The most frequently reported way by which IDPs have access to food in sites was found to be via people purchasing and cooking their own food (80%), followed by site provision (15%), and donations from restaurants (social restaurants) (4%). 11% of sites reported that there was no kitchen space available for IDPs to prepare food, and a smaller 2% of sites reported that there was no available communal space for IDPs to eat food.

### Ways by which IDPs access food (% of sites)



## MOST URGENT NEEDS



The most urgent needs in sites across Chernivetska oblast, as identified by site managers, are displayed in the table below. Cash assistance were found to be the highest priority need, as reported by 26% of sites, followed by large kitchen appliances (e.g. fridges, stoves) (17%), and food services (9%).

Table 1: Highest priority need (% of sites)

1. Cash assistance	26%
2. Large kitchen appliances (e.g. fridges, stoves)	17%
3. Food services	9%
4. Security features (e.g. alarm systems, bomb shelter, external lights)	7%
5. Electrical upgrades and repairs	7%