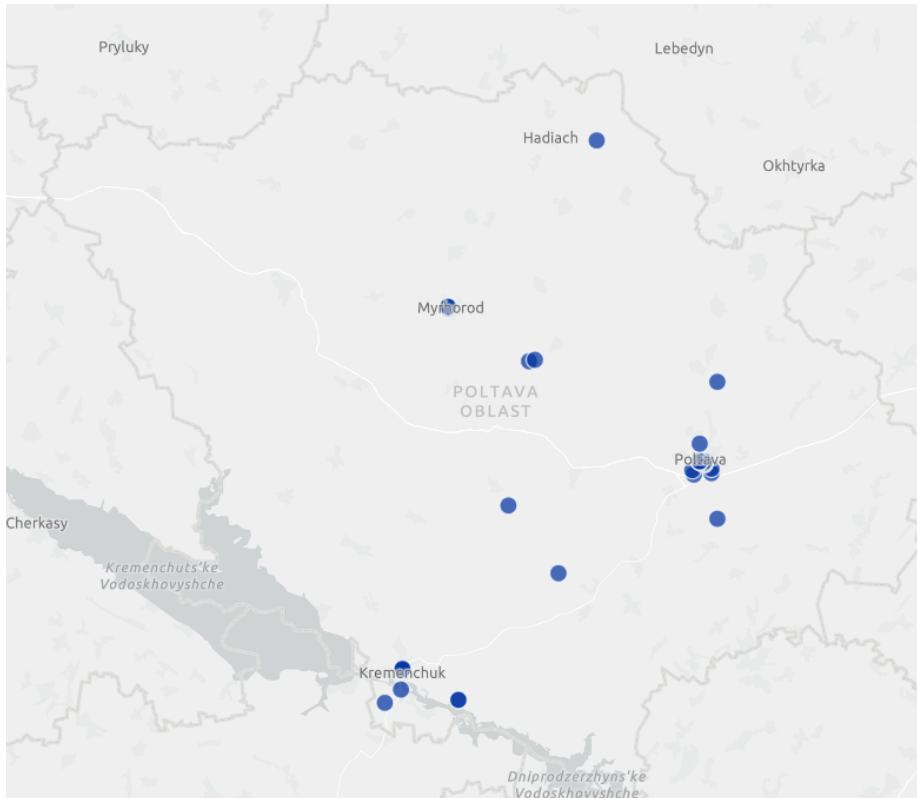


POLTAVSKA OBLAST COLLECTIVE CENTRE ASSESSMENT

Summary of IOM's CCCM Collective Centre Assessment | Q4, 2023

CLASSIFICATION: Unrestricted

ASSESSED COLLECTIVE CENTRES IN POLTAVSKA OBLAST



BACKGROUND

In November and December 2023, IOM CCCM teams, in collaboration with Oblast authorities and local civil society organizations, conducted CCCM Collective Centre assessment across Poltavka Oblast. Data was collected at the site-level at the request of the relevant Oblast administration(s) and implemented through key-informant interviews with site managers as well by conducting observational assessments. All figures and narrative in this fact-sheet cover collective centres which are hosting (and are capable of hosting) 30 persons. Findings are indicative of the situation in the sites at the time of data collection. This report provides an overview in the following thematic areas: demographics, vulnerabilities, site management, site environment, health, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), food provision, and most urgent needs.

OVERVIEW

In total, 31 sites were assessed, of which 31 were hosting IDPs at the time of assessment, with 0 centres empty but ready to host. There were 2,294 IDPs hosted within these sites, meaning that each site, on average, hosts 74 IDPs. Sites had a collective total hosting capacity of 2,984 IDPs. The most common types of site were dormitories (68%), followed by school buildings (16%), and rehabilitation centres (10%). Overall the highest reported priority need was found to be NFIs (large kitchen appliances), which was reported in 19% of sites.

KEY FIGURES

 **31**
collective centres (sites) assessed across Poltavka


 **2,294**
IDPs hosted in collective centres (sites)

 **2,984**
total hosting capacity


 **68%**
of sites are dormitories

 **71%**
of sites report that IDPs do not have plans to transit to other locations

 **74%**
of sites report the presence of persons with disabilities

 **45%**
of sites are managed by the government

 **39%**
of sites report presence of persons with chronic diseases

 **40%**
of sites do not have a health worker present or regularly visiting

 **20%**
of sites are not connected to central sewage system

 **19%**
of sites report NFIs (large kitchen appliances) as their highest priority need

These assessments, conducted over the fourth quarter of 2023, were made possible through the generous support provided by the Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (BHA) and the European Union Humanitarian AID (ECHO).

DEMOGRAPHICS



Out of a total of 2,294 IDPs currently hosted across the sites in Poltavaska Oblast, 58% are female and 42% are male; 21% are minors (under the age of 18), 44% are adults (aged between 18 and 59), and 35% are elderly (over the age of 59).

VULNERABILITIES



A total of 210 IDPs (9% of total IDPs) across 23 sites (74% of IDP-hosting sites) were reported to be persons with disabilities. Critically, 74% of sites are not fully disability accessible, making this group of individuals even more vulnerable. Persons with chronic diseases were also reported across 39% of sites, unaccompanied elderly persons in 35% of sites, and pregnant or lactating females in 10% of sites.

SITE MANAGEMENT



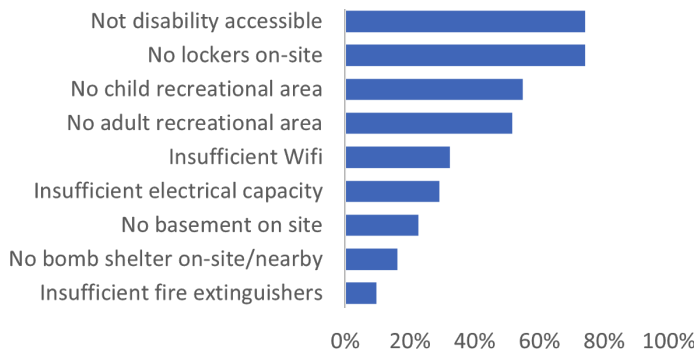
45% of sites are managed by the government, 35% by other actors, and 13% by private individuals. 49% of sites report staff presence 24 hours of the day, 48% report presence in the daytimes only, and 3% report periodic visits. IDP registration upon arrival is reported in 100% of sites, and an allocation plan for vulnerable groups exists in 16% of sites. In 23% of sites, IDPs are reportedly being charged money to stay.

SITE ENVIRONMENT



In 42% of sites, the site manager reports that they expect the site to remain open for more than six months, 3% report that they expect the site to close within 6 months, and 55% are unsure. Critically, 32% of sites have insufficient Wifi, 29% of sites have insufficient electrical capacity, 16% of sites do not have a bomb shelter on-site or nearby, and 10% of sites report have insufficient fire extinguishers. The chart below provides a comprehensive overview of deficiencies in essential items and services.

Lack of essential items or services (% of sites)



HEALTH



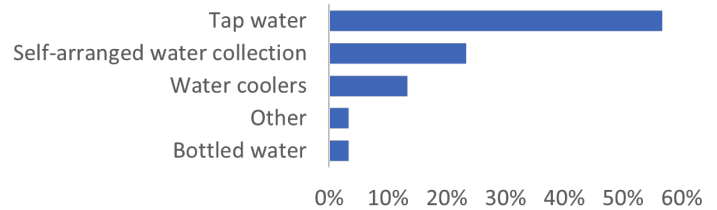
40% of sites report that there is no health worker who is on-site or able to regularly visit. Problems with accessing medicines are reported in a lower 6% of sites.

WASH



On average, there are 18 toilets and 14 showers per site for the IDP population. Toilets and showers are not gender-segregated 63% and 53% of sites, respectively; nor are they disability accessible in 84% and 77% of sites, respectively. On average, there are 4 functional washing machines per site. A critical 20% of sites are not connected to the central sewage system. Across all sites, the primary way by which IDPs accessed drinking water was by tap water, as reported in 57% of IDP-hosting sites. The below chart presents a more detailed breakdown of how IDPs access drinking water across sites.

Primary way by which IDPs access drinking water (% of sites)

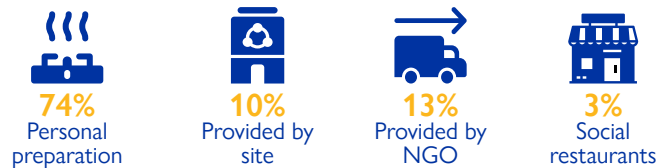


FOOD PROVISION



The most frequently reported way by which IDPs have access to food in sites was found to be via purchasing and/or cooking their own food (74%), followed by food being provided on-site by an NGO (13%), and food being provided on-site by the site (10%). 19% of sites reported that there was no kitchen space available for IDPs to prepare food, and a higher 26% of sites reported that there was no available communal space for IDPs to eat food.

Ways by which IDPs access food (% of sites)



MOST URGENT NEEDS



The most urgent needs, as identified by site managers are displayed in the below table. Across collective centres in Poltavaska Oblast, NFIs (large kitchen appliances) are the most urgent needs, as reported by 19% of IDP-hosting sites, followed by structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators) (16%), and kitchen upgrades (16%).

Table 1: Highest priority need (% of sites)

1. NFIs (large kitchen appliances)	19%
2. Structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators)	16%
3. Kitchen upgrades	16%
4. Shower upgrades	13%
5. Food services	10%