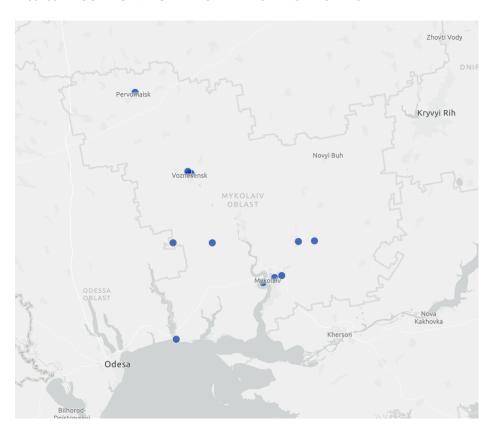
MYKOLAIVSKA OBLAST COLLECTIVE CENTRE ASSESSMENT



CLASSIFICATION: Unrestricted

ASSESSED COLLECTIVE CENTRES IN MYKOLAIVSKA OBLAST



BACKGROUND

In November and December 2023, IOM CCCM teams, in collaboration with Oblast authorities and local civil society organizations, conducted CCCM Collective Centre assessment across Mykolaivska Oblast. Data was collected at the site-level at the request of the relevant Oblast administration(s) and implemented through key-informant interviews with site managers as well by conducting observational assessments. All figures and narrative in this fact-sheet cover collective centres which are hosting (and are capable of hosting) 30 persons. Findings are indicative of the situation in the sites at the time of data collection. This report provides an overview in the following thematic areas: demographics, vulnerabilities, site management, site environment, health, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), food provision, and most urgent needs.

OVERVIEW

In total, 13 sites were assessed, of which 13 were hosting IDPs at the time of assessment, with 0 centres empty but ready to host. There were 814 IDPs hosted within these sites, meaning that each site, on average, hosts 63 IDPs. Sites had a collective total hosting capacity of 2,194 IDPs. The most common types of site were health facilities (54%), followed by dormitories (23%), and school buildings (15%). Overall the highest reported priority need was found to be cash assistance, which was reported in 62% of sites.

KEY FIGURES



collective centres (sites) assessed across Mykolaivska



IDPs hosted in collective centres (sites)



total hosting capacity



of sites are health facilities



of sites report that IDPs do not have plans to transit to other locations



of sites report the presence of persons with disabilities



of sites are managed by the government



of sites report presence of unaccompanied elderly persons



of sites do not have a health worker present or regularly visiting



of sites are not connected to central sewage system



of sites report cash assistance as their highest priority need









DEMOGRAPHICS



WASH



Out of a total of 814 IDPs currently hosted across the sites in Mykolaivska Oblast, 56% are female and 44% are male; 16% are minors (under the age of 18), 43% are adults (aged between 18 and 59), and 41% are elderly (over the age of 59).

VULNERABILITIES



A total of 249 IDPs (31% of total IDPs) across 10 sites (77% of IDP-hosting sites) were reported to be persons with disabilities. Critically, 62% of sites are not fully disability accessible, making this group of individuals even more vulnerable. Unaccompanied elderly persons were also reported across 92% of sites, persons with chronic diseases in 85% of sites, and pregnant or lactating females in 8% of sites.

SITE MANAGEMENT



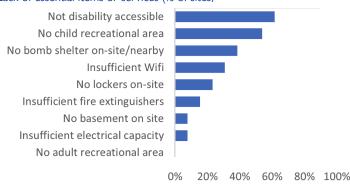
69% of sites are managed by the government and 31% by private individuals. 77% of sites report staff presence 24 hours of the day, 23% report presence in the daytimes only, and 0% report periodic visits. IDP registration upon arrival is reported in 100% of sites, and an allocation plan for vulnerable groups exists in 46% of sites. In 0% of sites, IDPs are reportedly being charged money to stay.

SITE ENVIRONMENT



In 100% of sites, the site manager reports that they expect the site to remain open for more than six months, 0% report that they expect the site to close within 6 months, and 0% are unsure. Critically, 38% of sites do not have a bomb shelter on-site or nearby, 31% of sites have insufficient Wifi, 15% of sites have insufficient fire extinguishers, and 8% of sites report have insufficient electrical capacity. The chart below provides a comprehensive overview of deficiencies in essential items and services.

Lack of essential items or services (% of sites)



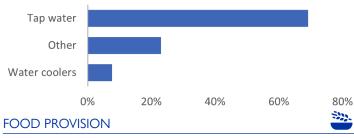
HEALTH



31% of sites report that there is no health worker who is on-site or able to regularly visit. Problems with accessing medicines are reported in a lower 15% of sites.

On average, there are 18 toilets and 29 showers per site for the IDP population. Toilets and showers are not gender-segregated 69% and 54% of sites, respectively; nor are they disability accessible in 77% and 77% of sites, respectively. On average, there are 6 functional washing machines per site. A critical 31% of sites are not connected to the central sewage system. Across all sites, the primary way by which IDPs accessed drinking water was by tap water, as reported in 69% of IDP-hosting sites. The below chart presents a more detailed breakdown of how IDPs access drinking water across sites.

Primary way by which IDPs access drinking water (% of sites)



The most frequently reported way by which IDPs have access to food in sites was found to be via food being provided on-site by an NGO (46%), followed by purchasing and/or cooking their own food (31%), and food being provided on-site by the site (23%). 62% of sites reported that there was no kitchen space available for IDPs to prepare food, and a smaller 23% of sites reported that there was no available communal space for IDPs to eat food.

Ways by which IDPs access food (% of sites)



MOST URGENT NEEDS



The most urgent needs, as identified by site managers are displayed in the below table. Across collective centres in Mykolaivska Oblast, cash assistance is the most urgent need, as reported by 62% of IDP-hosting sites, followed by toilet upgrades (15%), and structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators) (8%).

Table 1: Highest priority need (% of sites)

1. Cash assistance	62%
2. Toilet upgrades	15%
3. Structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators)	8%
4. Shower upgrades	8%
5. NFIs (hygiene kits and items)	8%

