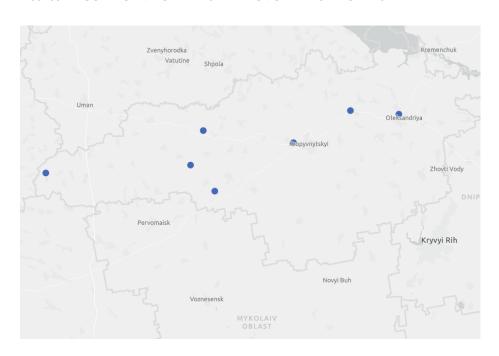
# KIROVOHRADSKA OBLAST COLLECTIVE CENTRE ASSESSMENT



#### **CLASSIFICATION:** Unrestricted

#### ASSESSED COLLECTIVE CENTRES IN KIROVOHRADSKA OBLAST



# **BACKGROUND**

In November and December 2023, IOM CCCM teams, in collaboration with Oblast authorities and local civil society organizations, conducted CCCM Collective Centre assessment across Kirovohradska Oblast. Data was collected at the site-level at the request of the relevant Oblast administration(s) and implemented through key-informant interviews with site managers as well by conducting observational assessments. All figures and narrative in this fact-sheet cover collective centres which are hosting (and are capable of hosting) 30 persons. Findings are indicative of the situation in the sites at the time of data collection. This report provides an overview in the following thematic areas: demographics, vulnerabilities, site management, site environment, health, water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH), food provision, and most urgent needs.

#### **OVERVIEW**

In total, 7 sites were assessed, of which 7 were hosting IDPs at the time of assessment, with 0 centres empty but ready to host. There were 349 IDPs hosted within these sites, meaning that each site, on average, hosts 50 IDPs. Sites had a collective total hosting capacity of 794 IDPs. The most common types of site were health facilities (43%), followed by school buildings (29%), and kindergardens (14%). Overall the highest reported priority need was found to be structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators), which was reported in 29% of sites.

# **KEY FIGURES**



collective centres (sites) assessed across Kirovohradska



IDPs hosted in collective centres (sites)



total hosting capacity



of sites are health facilities



of sites report that IDPs do not have plans to transit to other locations



86%

of sites report the presence of persons with disabilities



of sites are managed by the government



**29**%

of sites report presence of pregnant or lactating females



of sites do not have a health worker present or regularly visiting



of sites are not connected to central sewage system



of sites report structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators) as their highest priority need

These assessments, conducted over the fourth quarter of 2023, were made possible through the generous support provided by the Bureau for Humanitarian Assistance (BHA) and the European Union Humanitarian AID (ECHO).







#### **DEMOGRAPHICS**



# **WASH**

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Out of a total of 349 IDPs currently hosted across the sites in Kirovohradska Oblast, 62% are female and 38% are male; 21% are minors (under the age of 18), 39% are adults (aged between 18 and 59), and 40% are elderly (over the age of 59).

#### **VULNERABILITIES**



A total of 35 IDPs (10% of total IDPs) across 6 sites (86% of IDP-hosting sites) were reported to be persons with disabilities. Critically, 57% of sites are not fully disability accessible, making this group of individuals even more vulnerable. Pregnant or lactating females were also reported across 29% of sites, orphaned children in 29% of sites, and persons with chronic diseases in 29% of sites.

# SITE MANAGEMENT



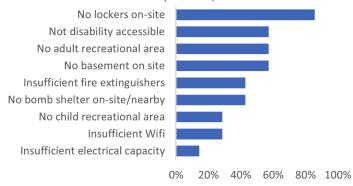
86% of sites are managed by the government and 14% by local NGOs. 57% of sites report staff presence 24 hours of the day, 29% report presence in the daytimes only, and 14% report periodic visits. IDP registration upon arrival is reported in 100% of sites, and an allocation plan for vulnerable groups exists in 14% of sites. No sites report that IDPs are being charged money to stay.

# SITE ENVIRONMENT



In 43% of sites, the site manager reports that they expect the site to remain open for more than six months, 0% report that they expect the site to close within 6 months, and 57% are unsure. Critically, 43% of sites do not have a bomb shelter on-site or nearby, 43% of sites have insufficient fire extinguishers, 29% of sites have insufficient Wifi, and 14% of sites report have insufficient electrical capacity. The chart below provides a comprehensive overview of deficiencies in essential items and services.

### Lack of essential items or services (% of sites)



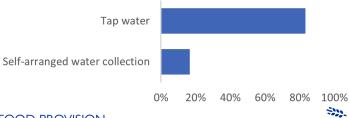
# HEALTH



29% of sites report that there is no health worker who is on-site or able to regularly visit. Problems with accessing medicines are reported in a lower 14% of sites.

On average, there are 4 toilets and 5 showers per site for the IDP population. Toilets and showers are not gender-segregated 29% and 43% of sites, respectively; nor are they disability accessible in 57% and 43% of sites, respectively. On average, there are 3 functional washing machines per site. A critical 43% of sites are not connected to the central sewage system, which is the highest oblast rate across the country. Across all sites, the primary way by which IDPs accessed drinking water was by tap water, as reported in 83% of IDP-hosting sites. The below chart presents a more detailed breakdown of how IDPs access drinking water across sites.

Primary way by which IDPs access drinking water (% of sites)



# FOOD PROVISION

The most frequently reported way by which IDPs have access to food in sites was found to be via purchasing and/or cooking their own food (83%), followed by food being provided on-site by the site (17%). 17% of sites reported that there was no kitchen space available for IDPs to prepare food, and a similar 17% of sites reported that there was no available communal space for IDPs to

Ways by which IDPs access food (% of sites)





site



NGO



# **MOST URGENT NEEDS**



The most urgent needs, as identified by site managers are displayed in the below table. Across collective centres in Kirovohradska Oblast, structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators) are the most urgent needs, as reported by 29% of IDP-hosting sites, followed by food services (29%), and NFIs (large kitchen appliances) (29%).

Table 1: Highest priority need (% of sites)

1. Structural site upgrades and repairs (e.g. walls, rooms, elevators)	29%
2. Food services	29%
3. NFIs (large kitchen appliances)	29%
4. Kitchen upgrades	14%
5. Adult recreation (including NFIs)	14%

